

## 2016 Seed Request Form

Please take the time to answer the questions below, adding any comments of your own.

Could you donate seeds to the exchange next year?  yes  no If yes, please indicate how you want to be reminded (e.g. in August, by telephone, at (123)456-7890):

\_\_\_\_\_ (We can't remind you without this indication.)

Would you be willing to help with running our seed exchange?  yes  no

Please indicate particular seeds or categories of seed that you would like to have available from our list in the next year or two:

Write the number (not the name) of the seeds you want in the boxes on the Request Form. It will be helpful to the committee—and assure that your request can be fulfilled accurately—if you write the numbers clearly and in numerical order. Please expect no more than ten selections, but list alternates; as usual, many donations consisted of small quantities of seed, but distribution will be as generous as possible. Seed packets will be identified only by number, so you may want to keep this list. If you are downloading this form, please be sure to write your name and address on it, and remember that seed requests are a benefit of membership in the California Horticultural Society and will not be honored for those who are not members. Complete requests will be fulfilled as quantities allow, prioritized by date of postmark. Requests should be returned by the end of February. A request is complete only when it also includes your payment of \$5 to cover the cost of supplies and postage; make your check payable to the California Horticultural Society. Send the form along with your payment to Dave Tivol, 130 Locksunart Way #2, Sunnyvale CA 94087-4666.

List up to ten choices, clearly and in numerical order please:


List up to ten alternates, clearly and in numerical order please:


Thanks to those who donated seed for the exchange this year, without whose participation this program would not be possible, and whose initials in the list below indicate their expressed willingness to be contacted about the plants from which the donated seed came and the conditions under which they grow: Annie's Annuals (AA), Kathy Echols, Ellen Edelson (EE), Mary Sue Ittner (MSI), Ted Kipping (TK), Elise Lew (EL), Daisy Mah (DM), Katherine Pyle (KP), Sean O'Hara (SO), Quarryhill Botanical Garden (QBG), Barbara Siegel (BS), Richard Starkeson (RS), University of California at Davis (UCD), Patricia Van Aggelen (PVA), Kristin Yanker-Hansen (KYH), and those whose gratefully received donations remain anonymous. Nomenclature and descriptions are those given by these donors.

1. *Abelmoschus manihot* (KYH): hardy tropical mallow from southeast Asia, where leaves used in cooking and are supposed to be quite healthful; summer flowers beautiful yellow with a near black eye, form like hollyhock; will die back in frost but come back from roots, made it through 19°F last year <[http://www.anniesannuals.com/plt\\_lst/lists/general/lst.gen.asp?prodid=1169](http://www.anniesannuals.com/plt_lst/lists/general/lst.gen.asp?prodid=1169)>
2. *Acer cappadocicum ssp sinicum* (QBG)
3. *Acer morrisonense* (QBG)
4. *Acer oliverianum* (QBG)
5. *Acer tataricum ssp ginnala* (QBG)
6. *Aeonium ciliatum* (AA)
7. *Aeonium escobarii* (AA)
8. *Agapanthus hyb* (EE): dwarf form
9. *Alcea hyb* (AB): Hollyhock; very dark purple flowers
10. *Allium hyalinum* (MSI): California native bulb; white flowers
11. *Allium turconamicum* (KP): largely upright evergreen strap leaves to 2'; flowers pink to mauve, in balls like chives; very similar to *A. senescens* but always looks good
12. *Allium sp* (KE): pink flowers in a large head; to 4' tall
13. *Aloe buhrii* (UCD): open pollinated by hummingbirds
14. *Aloe striata* (UCD): open pollinated by hummingbirds
15. *Alstromeria hyb* (EE): flowers white with pink and yellow
16. *Ammi visnaga* (PVA)
17. *Aquilegia hyb* (EE): mixed
18. *Aristea major* (TK): South African irid; to 5' high; flowers dark blue
19. *Asclepias fascicularis* (KE): California native milkweed, primary food for Monarch butterfly; to 3' high; winter dormant; drought tolerant, runs with water
20. *Berberis wilsoniae* (QBG)
21. *Berlandiera lyrata* (DM): Chocolate Flower
22. *Betula albosinensis* (QBG)
23. *Betula luminifera* (QBG)
24. *Bulbine annua* (KYH): succulent annual, comes up every autumn and blooms profusely in spring <<http://www.learn2grow.com/plants/bulbine-annua-images-large-149369/>>
25. *Callicarpa japonica* (QBG)
26. *Canna indica* (= *Canna edulis*) (KP): tall leafy stems to 5' topped by spikes of small red flowers; often killed to ground by frost but comes back quickly from roots; tubers edible, also used as a starch source
27. *Chaenomeles japonica* (QBG)
28. *Cheiranthus* × *allionii* (AA): Siberian Wallflower
29. *Clarkia concinna* (EE): Red Ribbons
30. *Clematis armandii* (KYH): lovely sprays of fragrant white flowers in winter; if seeds allowed to mature and disperse, will gently seed about in the garden <[http://www.smgrowers.com/products/plants/plantdisplay.asp?plant\\_id=410](http://www.smgrowers.com/products/plants/plantdisplay.asp?plant_id=410)>

31. *Clematis integrifolia* (BS)
32. *Clematis stans* (QBG)
33. *Clematis tangutica* (QBG)
34. *Collinsia tinctoria* (DM)
35. *Commelina coelestis* (KP): supposed to be perennial but may be a re-seeding annual here; blue flowers similar to *Tradescantia* on foot-tall stems from a basal leaf clump
36. *Cornus capitata* (QBG)
37. *Crinodendron patagua* (KYH): South America; evergreen tree; fragrant flowers in June like Lily-of-the-Valley; grows in wet areas in nature, but will grow nearly dry here in California  
<<http://plantlust.com/plants/crinodendron-patagua>>
38. *Crithmum maritimum* (SO): Rock Samphire; native to Mediterranean and western European seacoasts, edible: once used by mariners to prevent scurvy <[gimew.org/plants/crithmum.maritimum.cfm](http://gimew.org/plants/crithmum.maritimum.cfm)>
39. *Cupressus duclouxiana* (QBG)
40. *Cypella coelestis* (KP): irid; Argentina/Brazil/Uruguay; to 3' tall, pleated pale green leaves; flowers blue with yellow markings
41. *Datura metel* 'Black Currant Swirl' (BS)
42. *Datura tatula* 'La Fleur Lilac' (KYH): lovely form with lilac flowers all summer  
<<http://daggawalla.com/datura-la-fleur-lilac/>>
43. *Datura wrightii* (AA): Jimson Weed
44. *Daucus carota* (PVA): volunteer Queen Anne's Lace
45. *Delphinium staphisagria* (AA): biennial or overwintering annual; upright racemes of bright blue flowers in early spring; disturbed soil in sun or part shade; germination generally within a few weeks, but seed may lie dormant, coming up in an ensuing season
46. *Delphinium hyb* (AB): blue flowers
47. *Dierama* 'Blackbird' (AA): magenta flower
48. *Dierama* 'Cosmos' (AA): very dark flower
49. *Dierama pulcherrimum* (TK)
50. *Dierama sp* (KP): from seedling plant; pale pink flowers on gently arching stems, 3' or more tall
51. *Digitalis parviflora* (DM)
52. *Diospyros lotus v lotus* (QBG)
53. *Dombeya rotundifolia* (AA)
54. *Dyckia platiphylla* (KYH): leaves near black; orange flowers  
<[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dyckia\\_platyphylla](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dyckia_platyphylla)>
55. *Echinops ritro* or *bannaticus* (KYH): thistle; wonderful blue flower in summer, then casually reseeds about; seems to need little to no water once established; sun, but can handle quite a bit of shade <<http://www.finegardening.com/plantguide/echinops-ritro-small-globe-thistle.aspx>>
56. *Echinops sphaerocephalus* (KYH): very pokey thistle; white flower in summer; needs no summer water; full sun to partial shade; deer won't eat <<http://www.perennials.com/plants/echinops-sphaerocephalus-arctic-glow.html>>
57. *Echium fastuosum* (KE): Pride of Madeira; blue/purple spikes second year from seed, butterfly magnet; 3' tall; drought tolerant
58. *Echium wildpretii* (KE): Tower of Jewels; biennial; pinkish flowers in spikes to 8' tall; butterfly magnet; drought tolerant
59. *Eriogonum crocatum* (PVA)
60. *Eriogonum fasciculatum* (PVA)
61. *Eriogonum grande rubescens* (PVA)
62. *Eriogonum sp* (PVA): 3' tall and wide, bushy but not compact; stiff upright branches with reddish bark; narrow leaves green with silvery underside, rather like rosemary; pale pink flower
63. *Eryngium creticum* (KYH): thistle relatively easy to grow; lots blue flowers in early summer; spreads slowly; quite drought tolerant <<https://www.flickr.com/photos/83833206@N00/2454675625/>>
64. *Freesia leichtlinii* ssp *alba* (= *Freesia alba*) (MSI): South African corm; fragrant white flowers

65. *Fuchsia boliviana* (RS)
66. *Geissorhiza brehmii* (MSI): South African corm; white flowers
67. *Gladiolus hyb* (AB): dwarf clump; purple flowers
68. *Gomphocarpus fruticosus* (= *Asclepias fruticosa*) (PVA)
69. *Gossypium hirsutus* (KYH): brown cotton; rich dark green leaves; beige bolls; needs water and heat, full sun; easily grown in a pot with saucer to catch the water and keep the plant moist
70. *Helenium cv* (AB): yellow petals, red centers
71. *Hemerocallis 'Corky'* (KP): lemon-yellow flowers on wiry nearly black stems; about 3' tall, to 3' spread; winter dormant
72. *Hemerocallis hyb* (AB): Daylily; dwarf; yellow flowers
73. *Hippeastrum hyb* (AB): dwarf; pink flowers
74. *Hydrangea paniculata* (QBG)
75. *Idesia polycarpa* (QBG)
76. *Iris forestii* (QBG)
77. *Leucadendron linifolium* (AA)
78. *Leucadendron rubrum* (AA)
79. *Leucocoryne vittata* (MSI): hybrids; Chilean bulb; beautiful flowers purple and white
80. *Lilium formosanum* (QBG)
81. *Lilium maritimum* (MSI): rare lily native to the north coast of California; red flowers
82. *Lilium pardalinum* (DM)
83. *Lilium tigrinum* (AB): Tiger Lily; to 6'; flowers orange with spots
84. *Limonium psidoclada* (DM)
85. *Lupinus arboreus v eximus* (EE): Purple Bush Lupine
86. *Lupinus perennis* (AA)
87. *Lupinus pilosum*: garden collected this year
88. *Lycopersicon esculentum* (AA): tomato
89. *Malva* (= *Lavatera*) *assurgentiflora* (EE)
90. *Malva sylvestris* (KYH): hybrids; will grow dry or watered; flower colors can range from deep purple, a broad array of pinks to white, can even run to the bluer tones  
<[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Malva\\_sylvestris](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Malva_sylvestris)>
91. *Malvaviscus arboreus* (RS)
92. *Manfreda sp* (KYH): Leopard Agave; one parent of *Mangave* that everyone craves; flower stems in summer to nearly 5' tall; a runner in the garden  
<<http://www.strangewonderfulthings.com/213.htm>>
93. *Marah fabaceus* (UCD): California Manroot
94. *Matthiola incana* or *longipetala* (KYH): semi-perennial stock; fragrant white blooms in spring; gently seeds about <[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Matthiola\\_incana](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Matthiola_incana)>
95. *Melanoselinum decipens* (KE & BS): Madeira Giant Black Parsley; large plant; huge leaves which when removed leave rings around the stem, looking like bamboo; blooms second or third year, huge panicles of light pink, then dies
96. *Moraea vegeta* (MSI): South African corm; short plant; flowers brown with yellow nectar guides; easy
97. *Muscari neglectum* (KP): small bulb; flower spikes light blue near top shading to blackish blue near bottom with white picotee on lower flowers
98. *Ornithogalum fimbriarginatum* (UCD)
99. *Orthrosanthus sp* (AB): irid; clumping foliage; flowers on blue spikes
100. *Oxalis adenophila* (TK): flowers violet-pink with white
101. *Papaver orientale* (KE): perennial poppy; large orange flowers with black centers
102. *Pelargonium cordifolium* (AA)
103. *Phacelia bolanderi* (AA)
104. *Phormium tenax* (EL)

105. *Plantago subnuda* (DM)
106. *Polygonum orientale* (BS)
107. *Pyrus ussuriensis* (QBG)
108. *Ranunculus cortusifolius* (TK)
109. *Rosa banksiae* v *normalis* (QBG)
110. *Rosa brunonii* (QBG)
111. *Rosa longicuspis* v *longicuspis* (QBG)
112. *Rosa luciae* (QBG)
113. *Rosa roxburghii* f *normalis* (QBG)
114. *Rosa rugosa* (QBG)
115. *Rudbeckia hirta* (KE): large, nearly hand-sized blooms, russet, rust, bronze shades; long lasting if cut
116. *Rudbeckia hirta* 'Denver Daisy' (KE): to 3' tall and wide; showy gold flowers with black centers all summer and autumn; long lasting if cut; attract butterflies
117. *Rudbeckia hyb* (AB): Yellow-Eyed Susan
118. *Salvia forskahlei* (KYH): dry shade as well as in a modestly watered garden; if dead headed regularly will bloom all summer; does seed about <<http://www.farreachesfarm.com/Salvia-forskaohlei-p/p2691.htm>>
119. *Salvia glechomifolia* (KYH): wonderful for shade and sun; will often bloom through Christmas; has reseeded once for me <<http://allthingsplants.com/plants/photo/349461/>>
120. *Salvia karwinskii* (RS)
121. *Salvia sclarea* (KE): biennial; one of the showiest salvias, large white bracts with lavender flowers, even good in arrangements; drought tolerant
122. *Salvia transsylvanica* (KYH): sun to partial shade; really deep blue flowers <<http://plantlust.com/plants/salvia-transsylvanica/>>
123. *Salvia sp* (RS): probably *S. sclarea* (RS)
124. *Scabiosa atropurpurea* (BS)
125. *Schima argentea* (QBG)
126. *Sisyrinchium sp*: possibly *S. rosulatum*, not native to California; white flower; self-sows
127. *Trachelium caeruleum* 'Jemmy' (KE): perennial semi-shrub to 2' tall and wide; bluish purple heads of small flowers all summer and autumn; green leaves with purple shading
128. *Triteleia peduncularis* (MSI): corm native to wet places in California; flowers white on long pedicels
129. *Veltheimia bracteata* (MSI): South African bulb; beautiful leaves; shade; summer rainfall but can be grown as winter rainfall bulb, brief dormancy in summer
130. *Verbena bonariensis* (PVA)
131. *Watsonia aletroides* (AA)
132. *Watsonia coccinea* (MSI): South African corm; under 2' tall; orange-red flowers; summer dormant; does not increase vegetatively much
133. *Watsonia hyb* (TK): South African corm; to 4' high
134. *Zaluzianskya villosa* (AA): Southern Lilac Drumsticks
135. *Zantedeschia* 'Mint Julep' (DM)
136. *mystery seed* (KE): crucifer
137. *mystery seed* (TK): South African irid; yellow flower; to 5' high
138. *mystery seed* (EE): purple poppy
139. *mystery seed* (TK)
140. *mystery seed* (TK)